

## CORRIGENDUM

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## MOISTURE REMOVAL FROM GREEN SAPWOOD DURING PLATEN PRESSING

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The diagrams accompanying this paper were incompletely labelled. They are reproduced here in amended form.

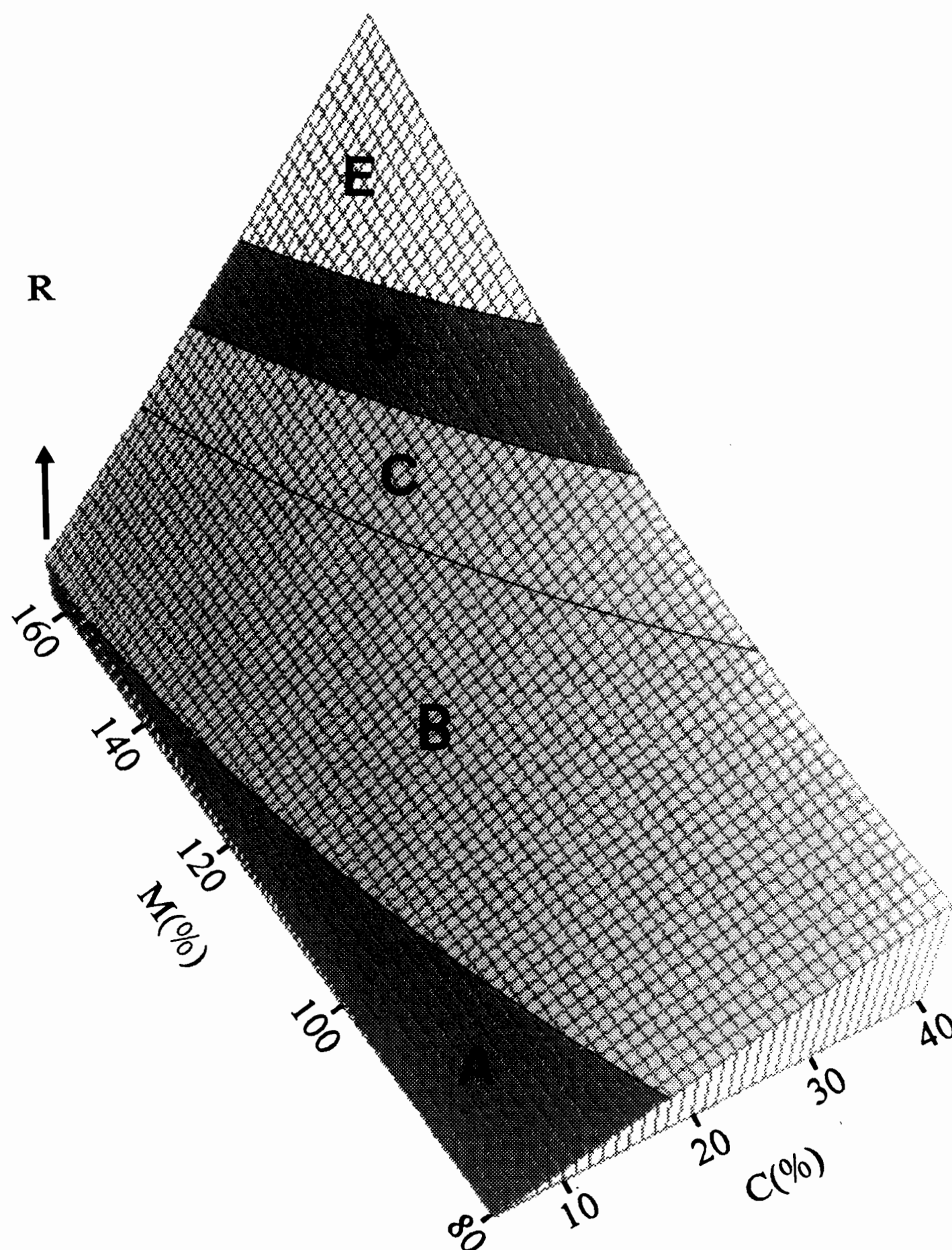


FIG. 1—Moisture content reduction (R) as a function of initial moisture content (M) and compressive strain (C) during platen pressing of *Pinus radiata*. R' range (%): A <11; B 11-44; C 44-61; D 61-77; E >77

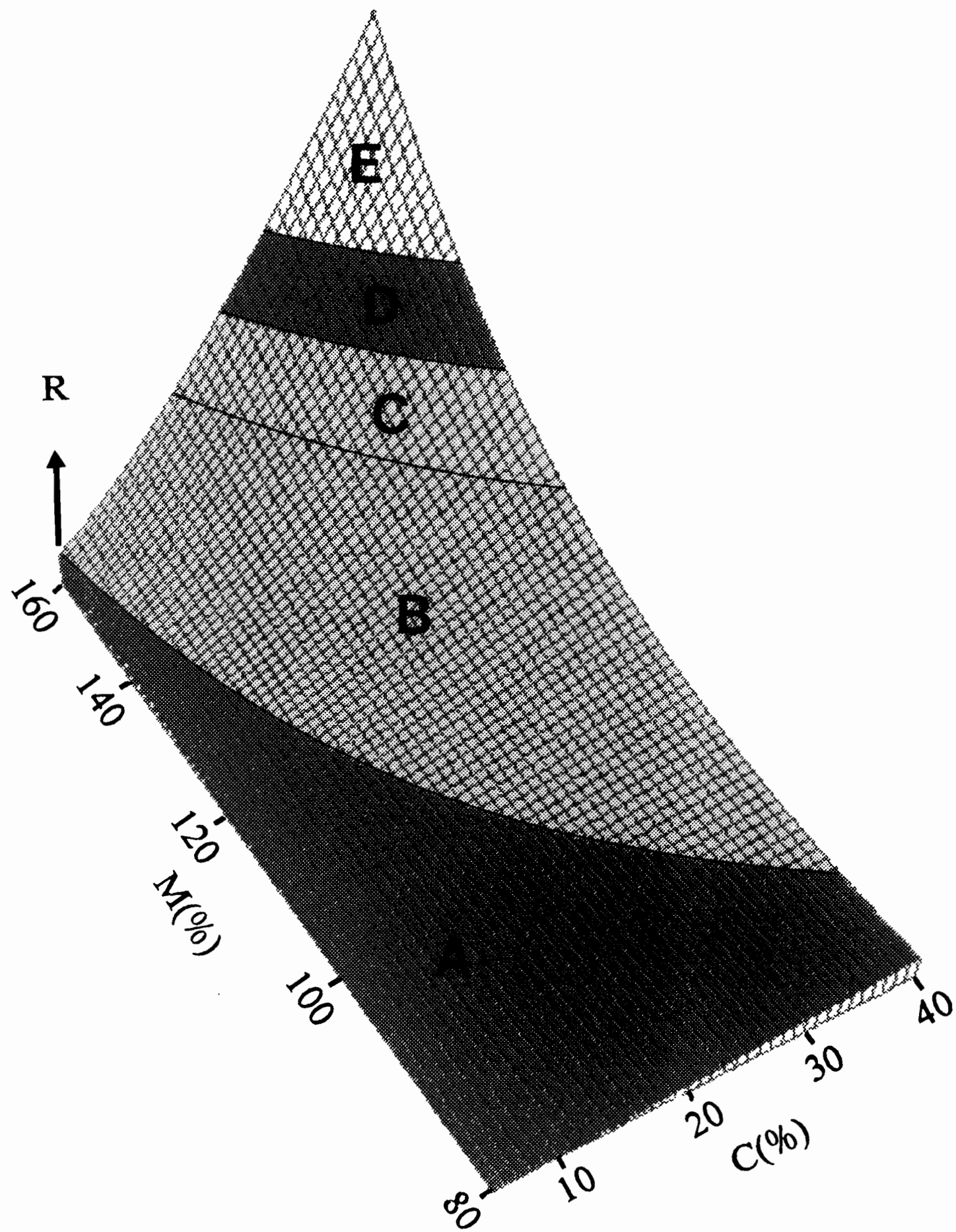


FIG. 2—Moisture content reduction (R) as a function of initial moisture content (M) and compressive strain (C) during platen pressing of *Eucalyptus regnans*. R range (%): A <13; B 13-65; C 65-90; D 90-116; E >116

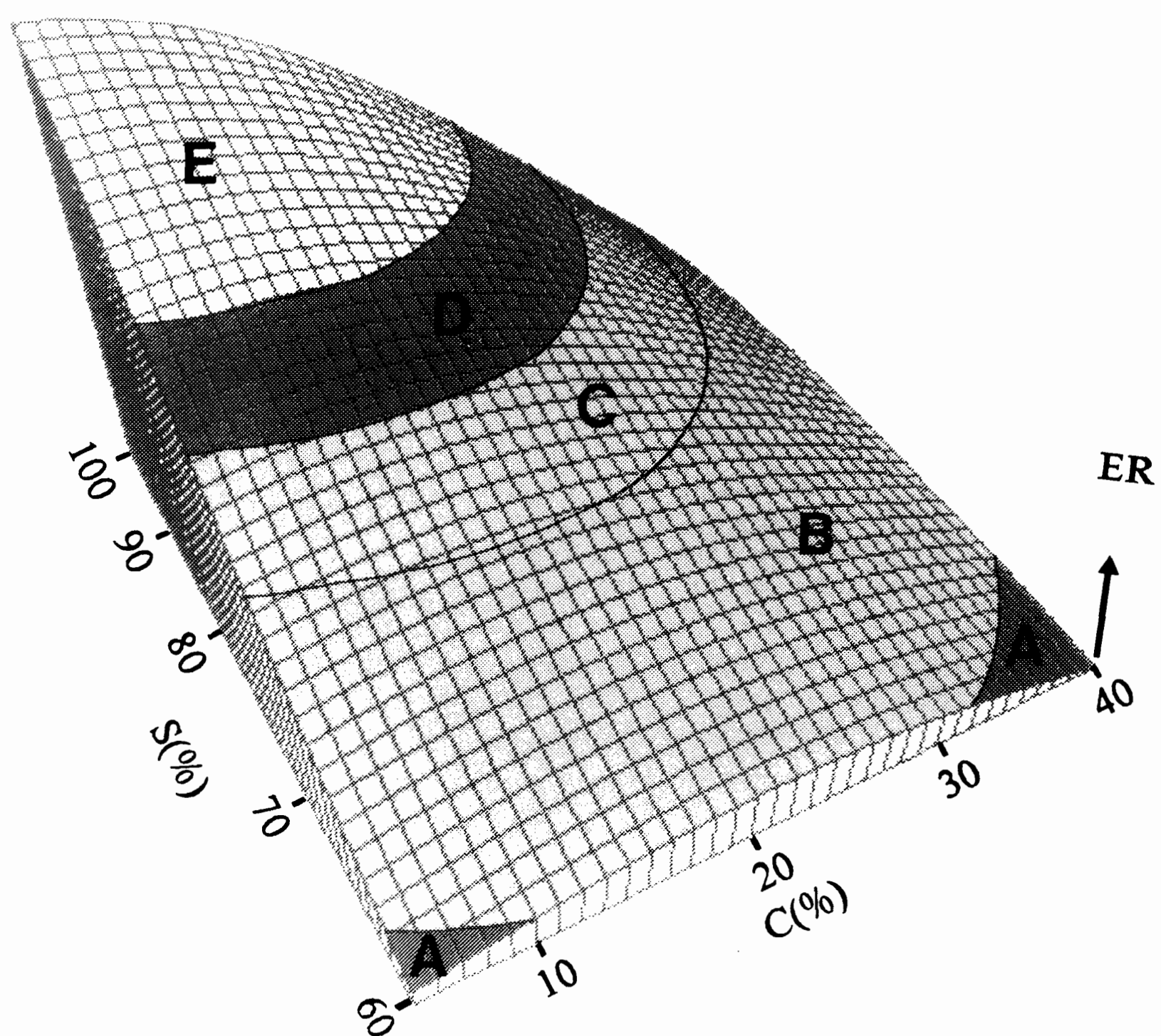


FIG. 3—Energy ratio (ER; see text for definition) as a function of initial degree of saturation (S) and compressive strain (C) during platen pressing of *Pinus radiata*.

ER range (%): A <265; B 265–414; C 414–488; D 488–563; E >563

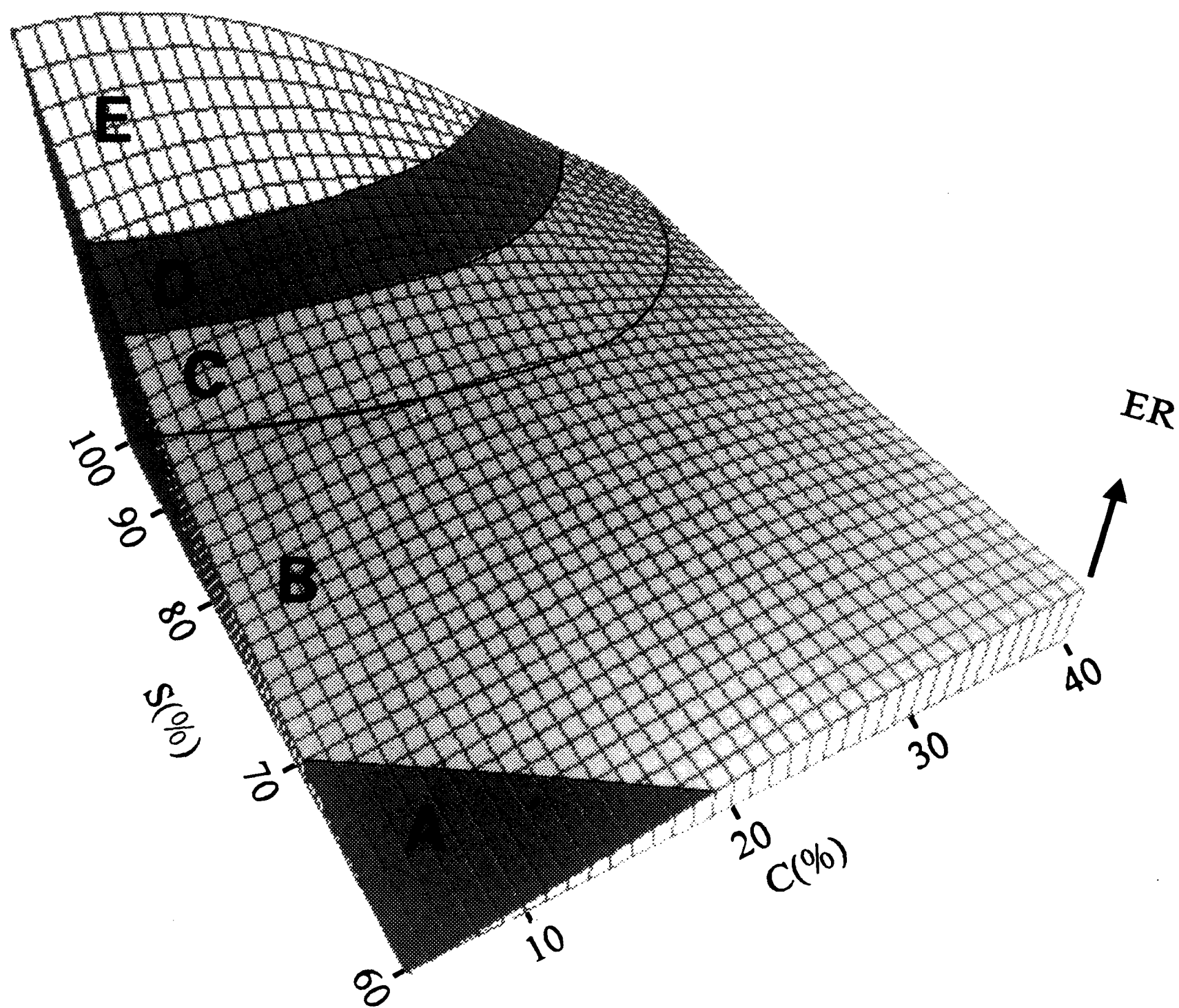


FIG. 4—Energy ratio (ER; see text for definition) as a function of initial degree of saturation (S) and compressive strain (C) during platen pressing of **Eucalyptus regnans**.

ER range (%): A <76; B 76–230; C 230–307; D 307–383; E >383