

## CORRIGENDUM

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## MONTHLY DIAMETER AND HEIGHT GROWTH OF YOUNG *EUCALYPTUS FASTIGATA*, *E. REGNANS*, AND *E. SALIGNA*

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Unfortunately, the Appendix was omitted from this paper when it was published. It is presented here.

### APPENDIX

#### DERIVATION OF SEASONAL GROWTH FUNCTION

The function  $g(p)$  is a polynomial of order  $k+3$ , where  $k$  is some integer greater than or equal to one. It can therefore be written as,

$$g(p) = c_0 + c_1p + c_2p^2 + c_3p^3 + \sum_{i=1}^k a_i p^{i+3}$$

To achieve a smooth transition between years, the following constraints are applied,

$$(1) \quad g(0) = g(1) \Rightarrow c_1 = -c_2 - c_3 - \sum_{i=1}^k a_i$$

$$(2) \quad g'(0) = g'(1) \Rightarrow c_2 = -\frac{3}{2}c_3 - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^k (i+3)a_i$$

$$(3) \quad g''(0) = g''(1) \Rightarrow c_3 = -\frac{1}{6} \sum_{i=1}^k (i+3)(i+2)a_i$$

from (2) and (3),

$$c_2 = \frac{3}{12} \sum_{i=1}^k (i+3)(i+2)a_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^k (i+3)a_i = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{i=1}^k a_i i (i+3)$$

which together with (1) gives,

$$c_1 = -\frac{1}{4} \sum_{i=1}^k i(i+3)a_i + \frac{1}{6} \sum_{i=1}^k (i+3)(i+2)a_i - \sum_{i=1}^k a_i = -\frac{1}{12} \sum_{i=1}^k a_i i (i-1)$$

$$\text{thus, } g(p) = c_0 - \frac{1}{12} \sum_{i=1}^k a_i i (i-1)p + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{i=1}^k a_i i (i+3)p^2 - \frac{1}{6} \sum_{i=1}^k a_i (i+3)(i+2)p^3 + \sum_{i=1}^k a_i p^{(i+3)}$$

$$= c_0 + \sum_{i=1}^k \left( -\frac{1}{12} i (i-1)p + \frac{1}{4} i (i+3)p^2 - \frac{1}{6} (i+3)(i+2)p^3 + p^{i+3} \right) a_i$$